

Gotham Primary Reading Comprehension Progression Planning

Develop positive attitudes to reading

Strands	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Take pleasure in reading: Develop positive attitudes to reading and enjoy listening to books read to them.	Select books for personal reading and give reasons for choices	Select books for personal reading and give reasons for choices	Read and listen to whole books, make choices for their personal reading	Sustain their reading for enjoyment and to find out	. ,	Listen to texts read to them. Read favourite authors and choose books to read on the recommendation of	Listen to texts read to them and sustain their reading of longer and more challenging texts
Read independently and in groups.	Read independently and in groups. Enjoy listening to	Read independently and in groups. Enjoy listening to	Read independently and in groups. Enjoy listening to	Read independently and in groups. Enjoy listening to	Read independently and in groups. Enjoy listening to	others Read independently and in groups. Enjoy listening to	Read independently and in groups. Enjoy listening to
Discuss books: Participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say	books read to them Discuss books they like and give reasons for their preferences	books read to them Discuss books they like and give reasons for their preferences	Justify their choices of books and their preferences from the books they have read or have had read to them	books read to them Discuss why they like particular books or authors with others, giving reasons	Describe and review their own reading habits	books read to them Talk about books referring to details and examples in the text	Discuss their personal reading with others and articulate their personal response to their reading, identifying how and why a text affects the reader
Extend their range of reading	Select books to read and listen to	Select books to read and listen to	Make choices from a selection of texts to hear and to read themselves	Extend the range of books read by browsing and selecting texts, including poetry, to read independently	Develop their reading stamina as they read longer texts	Plan personal reading goals which reflect their interests and extend their range	Develop their reading stamina and

		Skills a	nd strategies	to read for un	derstanding		
Strands	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Use prior knowledge to support understanding	Think about what they know about events or topics prior to reading.	Think about what they know about events or topics prior to reading.	Link the events or topic from a text to their own experience and/ or information they know. Recognise how books are similar to others they have read or heard	Link the events or topic from a text to their own experience and/ or information gathered. Begin to make links to similar books they have read.	Link what they've read in a text to what they know, their experience and that of others, and their experience of reading similar texts.	Use background knowledge or information about the topic or text type to establish expectations about a text. Compare what is read to what was expected.	Comment on what they have read and compare this to what they expected to read, e.g. in relation to events, ideas etc. Make comparisons between a text and others they have read.
Check that books make sense to them	Listen to reading and make sure it makes sense.	Listen to their own reading, and that of others, and make a sense check at regular intervals.	Check that a text makes sense to them as they read, pausing when reading to check their understanding and, where necessary, rereading to regain understanding.	Use contextual and grammatical knowledge, as well as background knowledge and understanding of word meanings, to make sense of what they have read. Put into their own words their understanding of what they have read.	Monitor their understanding of a text and take steps to retrieve the meaning if comprehension has been lost.	Develop an active attitude towards reading: seeking answers, anticipating events, empathising with characters and imagining events that are described.	Link parts of a text together in order to understand how details or specific sections support a main idea or point. Accept uncertainty about the ideas or events described in a text where an author is deliberately obscuring the meaning
Ask questions to improve their understanding	Ask a question about the story.	Ask questions about aspects of a text they don't understand.	Ask questions about a text to ensure they understand events or ideas in a text.	Ask questions to clarify the meaning of events or ideas introduced or explored in a text that they don't understand.	Ask questions to explore meanings and explanations of the events or ideas introduced or developed in a text	Identify aspects of a text they are not clear about. Ask questions to clarify their understanding or research the topic to find out more.	Identify where they do not fully understand a text. Ask effective questions that will help them clarify their understanding of the text or the topic they are researching

Skim, scan and read closely		Skim read to gain an overview of a page/ text by focusing on significant parts — names, captions, titles. Scan the text to locate specific information — using titles, labels.	Speculate about the meaning of the section or page by skim reading title, contents page, illustrations, headings and sub headings. Scan pages to find specific information, using key words or phrases and headings. Read sections of text more carefully, e.g. to answer a specific question.	Skim opening sentences of each paragraph to get an overview of a page or section of text. Scan contents, indexes and pages to locate specific information accurately. Identify sections of a text that they need to read carefully in order to find specific information or answer a question.	Skim read a text to get an overview of it, scan for key words, phrases and headings. Decide which sections of text to read more carefully to fulfil a particular purpose, e.g. to summarise a text.	Locate information accurately through skimming to gain an overall sense of the text. Scan a text to gain specific information. Use the skills of skimming and scanning to identify sections of text to read more carefully and re-read/ read on as appropriate.	Evaluate the value of a text for an identified purpose, drawing on information acquired by skimming and scanning Read carefully sections of texts to research information and to answer questions
Use strategies to locate or infer the meaning of unfamiliar words	Think about any words they don't understand when reading and ask questions about them.	Speculate about the possible meanings of unfamiliar words met in reading. Check whether the suggested meanings make sense in the context of the text.	Learn how to find the meaning of an unfamiliar word where this is explained in preceding or subsequent sentences or in a glossary. Check whether a suggested meaning of an unfamiliar word makes sense in the context of the passage.	question. Practise re-reading a sentence and reading on in order to locate or infer the meaning of unfamiliar words. Discuss unfamiliar words and their possible meaning to clarify their understanding of a sentence or passage.	Identify unfamiliar vocabulary in a text and adopt appropriate strategies to locate or infer the meaning. (E.g.re-reading surrounding sentences and/ or paragraphs to identify an explanation or develop a sensible inference, by identifying root words and derivatives, using the context and syntax, or using aids such as glossaries or dictionaries.) Identify where unfamiliar words are not explained in the text and where a dictionary needs to be used to understand them.	Identify when they do not understand the vocabulary used in a text and need to clarify the meaning. Give increasingly precise explanations of word meanings that fit with the context of the text they are reading. Check the plausibility and accuracy of their explanation or inference of the word meaning.	Check the plausibility and accuracy of their explanation or inference about a word meaning. Identify when they do not understand the vocabulary used in a text and apply appropriate strategies (re – reading, reading on, using the context, knowledge of syntax or word roots) to clarify the meaning

Annotate text		Mark significant incidents in a story or information in a non-fiction text.	Make simple notes on a text, e.g. underlining key words or phrases, adding headings etc.	Mark a text to identify unfamiliar words and ideas to be clarified or explored in discussion and subsequent rereading. Read and identify the main points or gist of the text, e.g. underlining or highlighting key words or phrases, listing key points, or marking important information.	Mark texts to identify vocabulary and ideas which they need to clarify. Mark a text by highlighting or adding headings, underlining or noting words or sentences, and adding notes where helpful.	Annotate a text to identify key information or identify elements they don't understand or want to revisit or explore further. Note key points of what has been read, using simple abbreviations, diagrams or other simple marking system. Use these as the basis of follow up and discussion if appropriate.	Identify and mark aspects of a text which are unclear in order to discuss or revisit on a second reading. As they read, identify, mark and annotate extracts which they think are significant to understanding characters, events or ideas or an author's point of view or use of language, adding a commentary where this is helpful
Visualise their understanding of what they read	Visualise what they have been reading, e.g. through drawing or acting out.	Visualise what they have been reading, e.g. through drawing or acting out.	Use illustrations and simple formats such as flow charts or diagrams to represent and explain a process or a series of events.	Re-present information gathered from a text as a picture or graphic, labelling it with material from the text.	Visualise the information they have read about, e.g. by mapping, illustrating, representing information graphically, and acting out. Use information from the text to justify their visual representations.	Re-present information from a text graphically Comment on the illustrations and graphic representations they encounter in texts, linking their comments back to the text itself	Re-present information from a text graphically Comment on the illustrations and graphic representations they encounter in texts, linking their comments back to the text itself
Make predictions	Make predictions based on clues such as pictures, illustrations, titles.	Make predictions based on clues such as pictures, illustrations, titles.	Use immediate clues and what they have read already to make predictions about what is going to happen or what they will find out.	Update and modify predictions about the events, characters or ideas in a text on a regular basis throughout their reading.	Make predictions about a text based on prior knowledge of the topic, event or type of text. Modify predictions as they read on.	Make regular and increasingly plausible predictions as they read, modifying their ideas as they read the next part of the text.	Make plausible predictions and explain what they are basing them on. Discuss how and why they need to modify their predictions as they read on.

Summarise understanding	(There is no Year 1 objective in this strand)	Retell a story giving the main events. Retell some important information they've found out from a text. Draw together information from across a number of sentences to sum up what is known about a character, event or idea.	Retell main points of a story in sequence. Identify a few key points from across a non- fiction passage.	Summarise a sentence or paragraphs by identifying the most important elements. Make brief summaries at regular intervals when reading, picking up clues and hints as well as what is directly stated.	Make regular, brief summaries of what they've read, identifying the key points. Summarise a complete short text or substantial section of a text. Summarise what is known about a character, event or topic, explain any inferences and opinions by reference to the text.	Make regular, brief summaries of what they've read, linking their summary to previous predictions about the text. Update their ideas about the text in the light of what they've just read. Summarise 'evidence' from across a text to explain events or ideas. Summarise their current understanding about a text at regular intervals.
Adapt reading strategies for different purposes or according to the text type	Listen to their own reading, and that of others, and make a sense check at regular intervals, rereading where necessary to regain understanding.	Stop and think about what they have read. Put what they've read or heard into their own words.	Identify where they don't understand what they've read, stop reading and take steps to fix the problem.	Adapt reading strategies to the different sorts of text read, including IT texts, and different purposes for reading. Take steps to reestablish understanding when comprehension is lost.	Apply the range of reading strategies to different reading tasks or circumstances, e.g. skimming a text to gain an overview, slow careful reading and re-reading to grapple with the meaning of a poem, presentation skills in order to perform it	Make sensible decisions in order to read most effectively for a specific purpose, e.g. knowing when it is useful to gain an overview of a text and how best to do it, or identify which part of the text needs to be read more carefully to find particular information

	Understand the Vocabulary used in texts									
Strands	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Build a wide vocabulary		Make collections of interesting words and use them when talking about books and stories.	Develop understanding of words met in reading. Speculate about the possible meaning of unfamiliar words they have read.	Identify where an author uses alternatives and synonyms for common or over used words and speculate about the shades of meaning implied.	Consider a writer's use of specific and precise nouns, adjectives, verbs and adverbs and discuss the meanings conveyed. Investigate the meaning of technical or subject specific words they meet in their reading.	Distinguish between everyday word meanings and their subject specific use, e.g. the specific meaning of force in scientific texts.	Collect unfamiliar vocabulary from texts they have read, define meanings and use the vocabulary when recording ideas about the text. Collect and define technical vocabulary met in other subjects, e.g. developing subject or topic glossaries.			
Use a dictionary effectively		Use simple dictionaries and begin to understand their alphabetical organisation	Use dictionaries to locate words by the initial letter. Use terms such as definition. Discuss the definitions given in dictionaries and agree which is the most useful in the context.	Locate words in a dictionary by the first two letters. Know the quartiles of the dictionary.	Locate words in a dictionary by the third and fourth place letters. Use the quartiles of the dictionary efficiently to locate words quickly.	Use dictionaries effectively to locate word meanings and other information about words, e.g. by using alphabetical order, understanding abbreviations, determining which definition is the most relevant to the context. Use a dictionary to check a suggested meaning.	Use dictionaries, glossaries and other alphabetically ordered texts confidently and efficiently in order to locate information about words met in reading. Identify the most appropriate meaning of a word used in a text from alternative definitions given in a dictionary.			
Use strategies to locate or infer the meaning of unfamiliar words		Speculate about the possible meanings of new or unfamiliar words met in reading. Explain the meaning of the words they meet in a text.	Learn how to find the meaning of an unfamiliar word where this is explained in preceding or subsequent sentences or in a glossary. Check whether a suggested meaning of an unfamiliar word makes sense in the context of the passage.	Practise re-reading a sentence and reading on in order to locate or infer the meaning of unfamiliar words. Discuss unfamiliar words and their possible meaning to clarify their understanding of a sentence or passage.	Identify unfamiliar vocabulary in a text and adopt appropriate strategies to locate or infer the meaning, including re-reading surrounding sentences and/or paragraphs to identify an explanation or develop a sensible inference. (E.g. by identifying root words and derivatives, using the context and syntax, or using aids such as glossaries or dictionaries.) Identify where unfamiliar words are not explained in the text and where a dictionary needs to be used to understand them.	Identify when they do not understand the vocabulary used in a text and need to clarify the meaning. Give increasingly precise explanations of word meanings that fit with the context of the text they are reading. Check the plausibility and accuracy of their explanation or inference of the word meaning.	Check the plausibility and accuracy of their explanation of, or inference about, a word meaning. Identify when they do not understand the vocabulary used in a text and apply appropriate strategies (re – reading, reading on, using the context, knowledge of syntax or word roots) to clarify the meaning.			

		Express	s, record and pr	esent their unde	rstanding		
Strands	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Develop and express their understanding		Discuss reasons why things happen in the texts they read or are read to them. Express their understanding orally, and use words, illustrations and given formats to record their understanding.	Discuss themes, plots, events and characters, comparing stories by the same and different authors. Compare the information given about topics in non-fiction texts.	Express ideas and give opinions about stories and poems, identifying specific words and phrases to support their ideas. Use simple graphics or illustrations to record and explain their understanding of information.	Understand and comment on ideas introduced in a passage or section they've read, drawing on evidence from the text to do so. Compare and contrast stories, justifying their preferences and opinions.	Contribute to a discussion where a group explore their understanding of a topic raised through reading. Discuss and comment on texts, and present their ideas in appropriate and helpful formats, including graphically.	Contribute constructively to a discussion about reading, responding to and building on the views of others. Comment critically, orally, in writing and using graphics where necessary to support them, on the impact of books they have read.
Answer questions about a text and record their understanding		Match events to characters in narrative and detail and information to objects or topics in non-fiction texts.	Retrieve information from a text and represent it in a variety of forms including by matching and linking information, ordering, tabulating and copying. Use different formats (matching, ordering etc.) to answer questions on a text.	Use different formats to retrieve, record and explain information about what they have read in both fiction and non-fiction texts, e.g. flow charts, for and against columns, matrices and charts of significant information. Record their understanding of a text in different ways, using a range of formats.	Retrieve and collect information from different sources and re-present it in different forms, e.g. chart, poster, diagram. Answer questions on a text using different formats (matching, ordering, tabulating, etc.).	Use different formats to capture, record and explain information about what they have read, e.g. flow charts, for and against columns, matrices and charts of significant information. Recognise different types of comprehension questions (retrieval/inferential) and know whether the information required to answer will be explicitly stated or implied in the text. Vary the reading strategies they use to answer questions, depending on the different types asked. Answer questions by explaining their ideas orally and in writing, including questions requiring open-ended responses.	Record details retrieved from the text about characters, events and ideas, e.g. by making a comparisons table, true or false grid etc. Recognise different types of comprehension questions (retrieval/ inferential) and know whether the information required for the answer will be explicitly stated or implied in the text. Vary the reading strategies they use and mode of answering according to what is expected of them by the question. Use confidently the different formats (matching, ordering etc.) to answer questions on a text. Answer questions by explaining their ideas orally and in writing.

Justify their ideas about a text	Answer simple questions where they recall information from a text.	Answer simple retrieval and inference questions by making a point and supporting it with 'evidence' from a text.	Re-read sections of texts carefully to find 'evidence' to support their ideas about a text. Answer simple retrieval and inference questions by making a point and supporting it with 'evidence' from a text.	Support their ideas about a text by quoting or by paraphrasing from it. Answer retrieval and inferential questions both orally and in writing, by making a point, and explaining it.	Evaluate a book or section of it, referring to details and examples in a text to back up their judgement and support their reasoning. Identify and summarise evidence from a text to support a hypothesis.	Identify material from texts to support an argument, know when it is useful to quote directly, paraphrase or adapt. Identify and summarise evidence from a text to support a hypothesis.
Annotate the text to support understanding	Mark significant incidents in a story or information in a non-fiction text.	Make simple notes on a text, e.g. underlining key words or phrases, adding headings etc.	Read and identify the main points or gist of the text, e.g. underlining or highlighting key words or phrases, listing key points, or marking important information. Mark a text to identify unfamiliar words and ideas to be clarified or explored in discussion and subsequent re- reading.	Mark texts to identify vocabulary and ideas which they need to clarify. Mark a text by highlighting or adding headings, underlining or noting words or sentences, and adding notes where helpful.	Annotate a text to identify to identify to identify key information or identify elements they don't understand or want to revisit or explore further. Note key points of what has been read, using simple abbreviations, diagrams or other simple marking system. Use these as the basis of follow up and discussion if appropriate.	Identify and mark aspects of a text which are unclear in order to discuss or revisit on a second reading. As they read, identify, mark and annotate extracts which they think are significant to understanding characters, events or ideas or an author's point of view or use of language, adding a commentary where this is helpful.
Demonstrate understanding of stories, poetry and plays through retelling and reciting orally	Retell stories and parts of stories, using some of the features of story language. Learn and recite simple poems and rhymes, with actions, and re-read them from the text.	Retell stories giving the main points or events in sequence and highlighting significant moments or incidents. Retell stories individually and through role play in groups, using dialogue and narrative from the text. Learn, re-read and recite favourite poems, conveying meaning by taking account of punctuation.	Present stories, showing awareness of the different voices by dramatizing readings, showing differences between the narrator and characters. Read, prepare and present poems and play scripts.	Choose and prepare stories, poems and play scripts for performance, identifying appropriate expression, tone, volume and use of voices and other sounds. Rehearse and improve their performance when reading texts aloud, in order to demonstrate their understanding.	Distinguish in reading aloud a story, poem or play script, between the narrator and characters, and between different characters. Read, rehearse, evaluate and modify a performance of a story, poem or play script to convey meaning and emotion.	Read aloud different texts, including poetry and prose, discussing and drawing out similarities and relationships of theme, format and language. Read aloud to interpret poems or stories where meanings are conveyed directly and implied, varying the performance to convey meaning to an audience.

			Understand t	he Whole Tex	t		
Strands	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Identify main ideas and themes in a wide range of books and understand how these are developed over a text		Pick out significant events, incidents or information that occur through a text. Link familiar story themes to their own experiences, e.g. illness, getting lost, going away.	Discuss familiar story themes that they have read or heard. Give reasons why things happen or change over the course of a narrative.	Identify typical story themes, e.g. trials and forfeits, good and evil, weak over strong, wise and foolish. Discuss how characters' feelings, behaviour and relationships change over a text.	Identify social, moral or cultural issues or themes in stories, e.g. the dilemmas faced and dealt with by characters or the moral of the story. Link cause and effect in narratives and recounts. Explain how ideas are developed in non-fiction texts.	Begin to distinguish between plot events/ details and the main themes in the texts they read. Identify how ideas and themes are explored and developed over a text, e.g. how a story opening can link to its ending or how characters change over a narrative. Explain how a detailed picture can emerge from a nonfiction text by examining different aspects of the topic.	Understand how a writer develops themes, ideas or points of view over a text. Identify how the narrative or author's voice influences the reader's point of view and frames their understanding. Discuss how this can change over the course of a text. In non- fiction texts distinguish between explicit and implicit points of view and discuss how the sense of the writer can develop over a text, e.g. in autobiographies.
Identify how structure and presentation contribute to meaning		Identify and compare basic story elements, e.g. beginnings and endings in different stories. Note some of the features of nonfiction texts, including layout, contents, use of pictures, illustrations and diagrams. Recite poems with predictable and repeating patterns, extending and inventing patterns and playing with rhyme.	Identify and discuss story elements such as setting, events, characters, and the way that problems develop and get resolved. Explain organisational features of texts, including alphabetical order layout, diagrams, captions, hyperlinks and bullet points. Identify and discuss patterns of rhythm, rhyme, and other features which influence the sound of a poem.	Investigate the features of traditional stories – openings and endings, how events and new characters are introduced, how problems are resolved. Explain how the organisational features of nonfiction texts support the reader in finding information or researching a topic. Distinguish between rhyming and nonrhyming poetry and comment on the impact of the poem's layout.	Explore narrative order (introduction, build up, crisis, resolution, and conclusion) and how scenes are built up and concluded through description, action and dialogue. Identify the main features of non-fiction texts (both print and computer based) including headings, captions, lists, bullet points and understand how these support the reader in gaining information efficiently. Identify different patterns of rhyme and verse in poetry, e.g. choruses, rhyming couplets, alternate line rhymes and read these aloud effectively.	Compare the structure of different stories to discover how they differ in pace, build up, sequence, complication and resolution. Identify the features of different non-fiction text, including content, structure, vocabulary, style, layout and purpose, e.g. recounts, instructions, explanations, persuasive writing and argument. Read poems by significant poets and identify what is distinctive about the style or presentation of their poems.	Understand aspects of narrative structure, e.g. how paragraphs build up a narrative, how chapters or paragraphs are linked together. Understand how writers use the features and structures of information texts to help convey their ideas or information. Analyse how the structure or organisation of a poem supports the expression of moods, feelings and attitudes.

Make comparisons within and across texts	Discuss and compare events or topics they have read about or have listened to.	Identify, collect and compare common themes in stories and poems. Make comparisons of characters and events in narratives. Compare the information about different topics in non-fiction texts.	Make comparisons between events in narrative or information texts on the same topic or theme. Compare and contrast writing by the same author.	Collect information to compare and contrast events, characters or ideas. Compare and contrast books and poems on similar themes.	Make comparisons between the ways that different characters or events are presented. Compare the way that ideas or themes are presented in different texts or in different versions (including in other media, e.g. film) of the same text.	Make comparisons and draw contrasts between different elements of a text and across texts Compare and contrast the work of a single author. Investigate different versions of the same story or different books on the same topic, identifying similarities and differences.
Identify how language contributes to meaning	Explore the effect of patterns of language and repeated words and phrases. Identify and discuss some key elements of story language.	Speculate about why an author might have chosen a particular word and the effect they were wanting to achieve, e.g. by considering alternative synonyms that might have been used.	Discuss authors' choice of words and phrases that describe and create impact, e.g. adjectives and expressive verbs.	Understand how writers use figurative and expressive language to create images and atmosphere, e.g. to create moods, arouse expectations, build tension, describe attitudes or emotions. Discuss the meaning of similes and other comparisons they have read.	Discuss the meaning of figurative language (metaphors and similes) and idiomatic words and phrases used in a text, beginning to explain the purpose and impact of such choices. Investigate how writers use words and phrases for effect, e.g. to persuade, to convey feelings, to entice a reader to continue.	Identify and discuss idiomatic phrases, expressions and comparisons (metaphors, similes and embedded metaphors) met in texts, using an appropriate technical vocabulary. Consider how authors have introduced and extended ideas about characters, events or topics through the language choices and the way they have developed them. Comment critically on how a writer uses language to imply ideas, attitudes and points of view.

Evaluate the text		the text that they	Explain why they like a particular text.	Say why they prefer one text to another. Begin to identify why one non- fiction text is more useful than another, according to their purpose.	Identify aspects or features that make a text entertaining, informative or useful.	Analyse the features of engaging or useful texts e.g. effective openings or endings, the presentation and resolution of problems (in narratives), clarity and enthusiasm for a topic (in nonfiction).	Identify the features that make some texts more effective than others.
			etrieve inform	nation from te			
Strands	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Retrieve and record information from texts	app beh eve to tl fror Finc info text that to tl Finc text	pearance, haviour and the ents that happen them, using details m the text d specific ormation in simple ats they've read or at has been read them. d information in a att about an event, aracter or topic.	Identify what is known for certain from the text about characters, places and events in narrative and about different topics in non -fiction. Give reasons why things happen where this is directly explained in the text. Locate information using contents, index, sub headings, page numbers etc. Express and record their understanding of information orally, using simple graphics or in writing.	Locate, retrieve and collect information from texts about significant or important elements or aspects (e.g. characters, events, topics). Take information from diagrams, flow charts and forms where it is presented graphically. Express and record their understanding of information orally, using simple graphics or in writing.	Identify and discuss key sentences and words in texts which convey important information about characters, places, events, objects or ideas. Pick out key sentences and phrases that convey important information. Take information from diagrams, flow charts and forms where it is presented graphically.	Establish what is known about characters, events and ideas in narrative and nonfiction texts, retrieving details and examples from the text to back up their understanding or argument. Locate information confidently and efficiently, using the full range of features of the information text being read, including information presented graphically.	Use evidence from across a text to explain events or ideas. Identify similarities and differences between characters, places, events, objects and ideas in texts. Retrieve information from texts and evaluate its reliability and usefulness.

Retrieve the meaning of unfamiliar vocabulary where this is explained in the text	Identify new or unfamiliar words that they meet in reading. Explain the meaning of the words they meet in a text.	Learn to read on and re-read sentences to find the meaning of unfamiliar words which are explained in the text.	Practise re-reading a sentence and reading on in order to locate the meaning of unfamiliar words. Discuss unfamiliar words and their possible meaning to clarify their understanding of a sentence or passage.	Decide where unfamiliar words are explained in the text or where they need to use a dictionary or glossary to find a word meaning. Identify unfamiliar vocabulary in a text and adopt appropriate strategies to locate the meaning, including re-reading surrounding sentences and/ or paragraphs to identify an explanation.	the context and where necessary a dictionary, to make sense of the words used in a text. Explain the meaning of words used in a text.	Apply appropriate strategies (re-reading, reading on, visualising, word knowledge, syntax) in order to find the meaning of unfamiliar vocabulary met in independent reading. Check the plausibility and accuracy of their suggestions.
Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning	(No Year 1 objective)	Notice how information is presented.	Notice how information is presented across a range of texts.	Use knowledge of different organisational features of texts to find information effectively.	Use knowledge of different organisational features of texts to find information effectively. Comment on how information is presented on the page.	Use knowledge of different organisational features of texts to find information effectively Identify and explain how complicated information is presented on the page to make reading easier
Ask retrieval questions about a text	Ask questions to understand what has happened in stories they have read or been read to them.	Ask what, where, and when questions about a text to support and develop their understanding.	·	Identify elements of a text which they do not understand and ask questions about it.	Ask questions to clarify their understanding of words, phrases, events and ideas in different texts.	Ask questions to clarify their understanding of words, phrases, events and ideas in different texts.

			Inferential (Jnderstanding Section			
Strands	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Infer from what characters say and do		Speculate about characters from what they say and do, e.g. when role playing parts or reading aloud. Discuss what is suggested about a character from the way or how he/ she speaks.	Make inferences about characters from what they say and do, focusing on important moments in a text.	Understand how what a character says or does impacts on other characters, or on the events described in the narrative. Infer characters' feelings in fiction.	Deduce the reasons for the way that characters behave from scenes across a short story.	Understand what is implied about characters and make judgements about their motivations and attitudes from the dialogue and descriptions.	Understand what is implied about characters through the way they are presented, including through the use of a narrator or narrative voice, explaining how this influences the readers' view of characters.
Predict what might happen		Use titles, cover pages, pictures and opening sections of texts to predict the content of unfamiliar stories and nonfiction texts.	Make plausible predictions showing an understanding of the ideas, events or characters they are reading about.	Predict from what they have read or had read to them how incidents, events, ideas or topics will develop or be concluded.	Use information about characters to make plausible predictions about their actions	Learn to anticipate events based on their own experience, what has been read so far and knowledge of other similar texts. Discuss the plausibility of their predictions and the reason for them.	Make predictions, discussing the reasoning behind them, drawing on their knowledge of the world, from reading other similar texts and what they read earlier in the text. Compare their predictions with the events that occurred and consider why their predictions were accurate, plausible, or off the mark.
Identify how language contribute(s) to meaning: How meaning is conveyed through the writer's language choices		Explore the effect of patterned language or repeated words and phrases in familiar stories.	Investigate traditional story language, e.g. story openers and endings, scene openers, language which signals a time shift or magical event.	Discuss the language used to create significant aspects of a text, e.g. opening, build up, atmosphere, and how a writer implies as well as tells.	Understand how writers use figurative and expressive language to hint at and suggest ideas and information in order to capture interest, e.g. how they use language to set scenes, or create moods, arouse expectations, build tension, describe attitudes or emotions. Discuss the meaning of similes and other comparisons that they read.	Identify and discuss idiomatic phrases, expressions and comparisons (metaphors, similes and embedded metaphors) met in texts, considering why authors might have used them. Consider the language used in a text and pick up the implications and associations being made by the writer.	Identify the hints and suggestions that writers make through their choices of words and phrases and the associations these evoke, e.g. about characters, events or ideas.

explore what characters say and characters and characters say and strategies in order to make inferences Adapt reading strategies in order to make in ferences	Ask inferential	Ask questions to	Ask questions to	Ask questions to	Ask questions to	Recognise where	Ask questions to
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			Reading	to find out			
Strands	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Retrieve and record information from non-fiction texts		Find information in a text about an event, character or topic.	Locate information using title, contents, index, page numbers, illustrations, headings, sub headings etc. Express and record their understanding of information orally, using simple graphics, or in writing.	Take information from diagrams, flow charts and forms where it is presented graphically. Express and record their understanding of information orally, using simple graphics, or in writing.	Pick out key sentences and phrases that convey important information. Take information from diagrams, flow charts and forms where it is presented graphically. Collect information from different sources and present it in a simple format, e.g. chart, poster, diagram.	Locate information confidently and efficiently, using the full range of features of the information text being read, including information presented graphically. Use different formats to capture, record and explain information about what they have read, e.g. flow charts, for and against columns, matrices and charts of significant information.	Evaluate texts for their reliability and usefulness when researching a topic. Record important details retrieved from a text using an appropriate format, e.g. by making a comparisons table.
Ask questions to find out		Pose questions and use a text to find answers.	Pose and record questions prior to reading to find something out. Ask follow up questions about the topics they've read about.	Prepare and list questions as the basis for enquiry and decide which are the most important to follow up.	Prepare for and carry out factual research by reviewing what is known, what needs to be found out, what resources are available and where to search.	Prepare for research by identifying what they already know and what they need to find out. Plan their inquiry or research in the light of these questions. Adapt their questions as they read.	Locate resources for a specific research task, identifying key questions to be investigated, the usefulness of the information source, and deciding how best to record and present the information. Refine research questions in the light of initial findings.

Identify how the structure and presentation of non-fiction texts contributes to meaning	Discuss different ways pages from an information book can be laid out and how this is different from story books. Note some of the features of non- fiction texts, including layout, contents, use of pictures, illustrations and diagrams.	Identify and explain the use of different organisational features in nonfiction texts, including alphabetical order, layout, illustrations, diagrams, captions, hyperlinks and bullet points.	different non-fiction texts are organised. Use the organisational features of non-fiction texts in their own reading and research.	Identify the main features of non-fiction texts (both print and computer based) including headings, captions, lists, bullet points and understand how to use to find information efficiently.	Identify the features of different non-fiction texts, e.g. recounts, instructions, explanations, persuasive writing and argument, including content, structure, vocabulary, style, layout and purpose. Discuss the way that writers of non-fiction match text structure to their intentions.	Understand and explain how different conventions and presentational features are used across a range of information or non- narrative texts. Compare different types of information texts, including texts which are a mix of text types or were written for a number of purposes simultaneously, and identify differences in the way that they are structured.
Identify how language contributes to meaning	Discuss the language used in labels and captions. Notice how language is used in instructional writing and recounts. Discuss the meaning of significant words met in reading linked to particular topics.	Notice some of the language features of non-fiction texts, e.g. direct language, the language of explanation, time connectives etc. Speculate about the meaning of unfamiliar words in non-fiction texts and use glossaries effectively to help understanding.	Begin to identify some of the language differences between fiction and nonfiction texts. Develop their understanding of key words met in reading non-fiction texts.	Investigate the language features of different sorts of non-fiction texts. Investigate the meaning of technical or subject specific words, e.g. by reading the text explanation or using a glossary or dictionary.	Investigate the use of language in different types of information text, e.g. words and phrases which signal a point of view in persuasive texts, how encyclopaedia convey authority. Compare the explanations or definitions given for technical or subject specific words and phrases in nonfiction texts.	Discuss the way that writers of non-fiction match language and text structure to their intentions - to amuse, persuade etc. Explain and use accurately the subject specific vocabulary used in different non-fiction texts.

Apply strategies	Locate parts of the	Scan a text to find	Skim and scan a text	Clarify unfamiliar	Clarify unfamiliar	Clarify unfamiliar
for reading non-	text which give	specific sections	to locate information	vocabulary met in	vocabulary met in	vocabulary met in
fiction texts	particular	using key words or	quickly and	information texts.	information texts.	information texts.
	information, including	phrases, sub headings. Decide on whether a	accurately. Draw together ideas and information from	Skim a text for an	Apply the range of	Read effectively for
	labelled diagrams and charts.			overview, Scan texts	reading strategies	different research
	dia ciaris.			for key words,	to reading	purposes, e.g. skim
		text is useful by skim		phrases and	information texts i)	and scan a text to
		reading its title,	simple signposts	sentences as well as	thinking about what	gain an overview of a
		contents page,	(contents, index, sub headings, page	useful headings to	they already know;	text, identify which
		illustrations, headings and sub	numbers etc.) in the	locate information.	ii) skimming to gain	part of the text needs
		headings.	text.	Pay particular	an overall sense of	to be read more
		and a case of the		attention to	the text; iii) scanning	carefully to find
				introductions and	to locate specific	particular information,
				opening/closing	information; iv) close	read slowly and
				sentences in	reading to develop	carefully a section,
				paragraphs to	understanding; v)	annotating the text as
				identify key	text marking.	appropriate.
				information.	Plan research in	Plan research in other
				Adapt reading	other subjects,	subjects, considering
				strategies to the	considering how best	how best to read
				different sorts of text	to read different	different sources, and find and record the
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